

ST. GEORGE AFTER SALT LAKE ROUTE

Southern Utah City Believed to Be in the Lead for Re-located Line.

PIOCHE SENDS IN AN APPEAL

Engineers Say, However, That Volume of Business Over the Nevada Route Would Cut Little Figure.

As the probability that the Salt Lake Route will not reconstruct its line through the washed out district in the Meadow Valley country, becomes more pronounced, competition becomes stronger between St. George and Pioche for securing the location of the through road. At a conference held in this city between W. H. Bancroft, first vice-president of the Salt Lake Route, J. Ross Clark, second vice-president, E. G. Tilton, chief engineer and R. E. Wells, general manager of the road, it was decided that reconnaissance parties will be sent out to survey probable routes for the new line through both sections, and that upon the completion of these surveys recommendations will be made as to the final location of the new line. The surveys will be under the direction of Chief Engineer Tilton, who made a tour of the flooded district last week, and he will be assisted by Carl Stradley, one of the most prominent local engineers connected with the Harriman system, and Arthur McGuire, a well known local engineer of the Salt Lake Route.

In attendance at the conference was James Andrus of St. George, one of the leading men of the southern Utah city. Mr. Andrus made a strong plea for the location of the road through his section, assuring the officials that the people of St. George would contribute liberally both in the matter of right of way and in work to assist the line to get through. Surveys had been made through his country several years ago, but the rough nature of the Rio Virgin country, after leaving St. George, was the greatest drawback for locating the road there in the first place. But since the success of disastrous floods which have overwhelmed the Salt Lake Route during the last few years in the Meadow Valley wash, the physical difficulties of the Virgin river country are believed to be of less consequence than the danger of extensive floods in the section through which the route now passes.

PIOCHE IN THE FIGHT

The Pioche country is not idle and the leading citizens of that community, through their commercial club, have sent an appeal to the officers of the Salt Lake Route to change its line to go over the Bristol pass, striking off from the present main line at Crestline and going by way of Pioche through the Delamar country and Bristol pass to the head of the Muddy river, and thence to the main line over the easiest grade accessible. The Commercial club of Pioche, however, does not depend entirely upon the advantages of the route offered over any other for securing the location of the new line, but implies a threat in a "slam" at the Mormon Church should the officials of the road select the St. George route.

One of the railroad officials said today that other things being equal, there was little doubt that the recommendation of the engineers would be in favor of the St. George route, from the fact that local business on that route is much greater than by way of the proposed route via Bristol pass. It will require a year perhaps, to select the route and complete the construction of the new line. Meanwhile in the neighborhood of 2,000 employees of the Salt Lake Route are out of work, except the train crews and others who were able to secure positions with the Oregon Short Line and Union Pacific. The through business formerly handled by the Clark road has been transferred to the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and a dozen or more locomotives have been taken over on these lines for the handling of the extra volume of business. The suspension of through freight and passenger business in the local yards and offices means a withdrawal of at least \$12,000 a year from the men who were employed in the work, and an estimated loss of half a million a year over the whole line.

LOCAL OFFICES CLOSE

The uptown passenger office of the Salt Lake Route will close, and the ticket office of the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line, at Second South and Main, will likely move into the office now occupied by the Salt Lake Route until the completion of the new

More Than 20

Ingredients give to Hood's Sarsaparilla its great curative power—power to cure many and varied complaints, including diseases of the blood, ailments of the stomach, troubles of the kidneys and liver.

Many of the ingredients are just what the profession prescribe in the ailments named, but the combination and proportions are peculiar to this medicine and give it curative power peculiar to itself.

Therefore, there is no real substitute for it. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good" you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

Get it today in the usual liquid form or in chocolate tablet form called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Hotel Utah, where the offices will be permanently located.

J. Ross Clark, second vice-president of the Salt Lake Route, left for Los Angeles Saturday night. He expects to return in a couple of weeks. Before leaving Mr. Clark said that preliminary surveys would be rushed through as rapidly as possible, and as soon as a feasible route had been decided upon, construction outfits would be placed in the field and the work of rebuilding completed as soon as possible.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

The following statement of Messrs. W. H. Bancroft and J. Ross Clark with reference to the situation on the Salt Lake Route was handed to The News this morning.

"The weather conditions since the washouts in the Meadow Valley Wash have been such that a thorough examination of the present line has not been possible, and such an examination cannot be made until later, but as soon as the weather will permit the matter will be gone over carefully by competent engineers to determine the exact extent of the damage done and the feasibility of reconstructing the line through the canyon of the Meadow Valley Wash in its former location or elsewhere. In the mean time reconnaissance parties are being made on two other routes with view to ascertaining if a satisfactory alternate is available. If it is not found feasible to rebuild the line through the Meadow Valley Wash on an absolutely safe basis, then it is possible one of the other lines being considered will be adopted and the road constructed on such route. However, as yet nothing definite has been decided upon, and nothing can be or will be decided as to what is to be done in the future until full reports are submitted by the engineers giving the results of their investigations."

WASHINGTON COUNTY DEVASTATED BY FLOODS

Damage Is Great, Almost Beyond Present Calculation—Whole Farms and Vineyards Wiped Out.

Some idea of the devastation caused by the great floods in Washington county and the vicinity is obtained from a letter received by A. W. Ivins from President Edward H. Snow of St. George stake. The letter went out on the first mail from St. George in two weeks and the scenes described are in part as follows:

"I do not know when this letter will reach you as today at 4 p. m. the first mail since Dec. 31 has reached us. We have had the longest cold spell ever known in Dixie, in fact have been frozen up and snow in abundance five or six inches deep."

"In 24 hours the weather changed to spring, with a warm rain, which continued for another 24 hours. You can imagine what the result would be. Every ravine for 75 miles around ran full of water until the greatest floods within my memory were running everywhere."

"The damage is great, almost beyond present calculation. All along the Rio Virgin and Santa Clara the settlements have suffered. Land has been washed away, and grain and hay gone down the rivers. Santa Clara town has suffered thousands of dollars damage. Our fields and ditches in Santa Clara field have suffered greatly. Where dams a foot high diverted the water the banks are now 15 feet high."

"Littlefield, Bunkerville and Mesquite have suffered, whole farms being wiped out. Thirty acres of vineyard of our raisin company gone at Mesquite. Beaver Dam wash carried more water than the Virgin. The Acoma road (cost \$75,000) is wiped out and our automobile road a dream."

"We cannot hear from some towns and do not know just how they have fared. Since the floods it has snowed again, the snow being from a foot to two feet deep on the level from here to Modera. If this snow melts like the other the damage will be greater than before."

"On Dec. 31 the mail driver drowned his horses in Holt's canyon and lost 22 sacks of mail, only one of which has been recovered. The driver got out safely."

ANNUAL BANQUET NOTABLE AFFAIR

Commercial Club, the Scene of Brilliant Gathering of Business Men.

LAST IN THE OLD QUARTERS.

By the Time of the Next Similar Affair The Club Will be Housed in Its Own Building.

The eighth annual banquet of the Commercial club which was held Saturday night at the club rooms in West Temple street was at the same time the most successful and the last which will be given in the present quarters. Before another year rolls around the splendid new building in Exchange place will long have been completed and another great stride made which will boost the organization into the upper strata of like associations throughout the great metropolitan cities of the country.

The affair was notable in a number of ways, first of all, in the absolute perfection of arrangements and the excellence of programs, mental and physical. During the four hours and more that the table was surrounded and the rooms thronged there was not the suspicion of a hitch and the entertainment went along with the splendid precision of well lubricated machinery. The decorations were tasteful and nothing was left to be desired with the possible exception of the presence of a number of members prominent in the affairs of the club, who were absent from the city. Two more notable ones were Gov. Spry and Samuel Newhouse.

The president, W. J. Halloran, introduced the toastmaster of the evening, William H. King, with a few choice words of commendation. Judge King fully lived up to his reputation as an after-dinner director of ceremonies, his introductions being felicitous and of an eminently proper length. And all this after a feast of surprising excellence had placed all in the most properly receptive mood for the toasts which were to follow.

THE TOASTS

Frank S. Murphy, chairman of the banquet committee, first started the merriment by describing wittily the trials and tribulations of providing epicurean delicacies for the event. Judge King took the opportunity of the following introduction to pronounce a glowing and tender eulogy upon the late Fisher Harris, secretary of the club, and yielded the floor to H. L. A. Culmer, a life-long friend of the club's organizer. Mr. Culmer delivered the address prepared by Judge C. C. Goodwin for the Wizard of the Wasatch.

Rev. P. A. Simpkin proved one of the wits of the evening in his response to "The Traffic Bury." After 10 minutes of keenly humorous dissertation, he closed his effort with a serious compilation of just what has entered into the great success of the Commercial club and laid down lines which, he exhorted, should be followed in its future conduct.

Dr. F. F. Critchlow filled in a number which had been assigned to Edward M. Allison, Jr., and Joseph E. Caine, on "Why Is the Commercial Club?" wound up the forensic efforts of the evening in an essay which kept the assemblage convulsed for 15 minutes.

The evening's entertainment did not break up until the Sabbath morn'g made its appearance. The music of Stephenson's orchestra proved a distinct feature.

Those present were: Maj. Cooper Anderson, George D. Alder, A. E. Annis, W. W. Armstrong, R. Ackerman, C. S. Burton, W. E. Bailey, Frank E. Bagley, L. M. Bailey, W. T. Benson, W. J. Blake, D. G. Bolton, John F. Boes, J. S. Bradford, J. E. Burton, George D. Blood, A. H. Boxrud, Ralph E. Bristol, Dr. W. F. Beer, N. H. Bortman, V. A. Bettilyon, John Brooks, C. F. Bray, Edw. Blerer, Jr., W. D. Bohm, George H. Butler, F. C. Barnes, A. F. Berringer, W. L. Biersachs, W. W. Byrne, A. L. Brattain.

Addison Cain, H. A. Chandler, W. H. Child, H. B. Cole, R. L. Carey, R. S. Omer, Dr. J. F. Critchlow, E. A. Culbertson, H. M. Chamberlain, James H. Collins, W. P. Cooper, A. W. Carlson, J. A. Cain, P. P. Christensen, L. A. Copeland, W. E. Coulam, John Cain, A. H. Cook, F. P. Connolly, E. E. Clark, H. L. A. Culmer, John P. Cahoon, Louis Cates, Charles A. Caine, Joseph E. Caine.

W. H. Dale, Joseph Decker, Dr. W. D. Donohoe, John Decker, S. V. Derrah, A. J. Davis, C. O. Dunshie, M. H. Desky, James F. Dunn.

W. H. Ellison, R. J. Evans. Will G. Farrell, P. R. Ferguson, Albert Fisher, Lester D. Freed, L. B. Fuller, H. J. Fitzgerald, T. H. Fitzgerald.

L. D. Gordon, A. J. Gillis, H. J. Grant, W. G. Grimsdell, A. W. Gates, A. H. Garner, Dr. C. W. Gates, Dr. G. R. Guthrie.

W. E. Hubbard, R. G. Halloran, W. J. Halloran, Jack Homes, N. M. Hamilton, L. H. Hardin, Thomas Hobday, E. O. Howard, H. J. Hayward, W. S. Henderson, F. W. Hornung, J. W. Houston, D. B. Hempstead, Dr. N. W. Hewett, R. W. Hill, Edw. E. Hoffman, H. S. Hoffman, Frank C. Howe, Gus H. Jones.

Arthur W. James, W. F. Jensen, Joy H. Johnson, Fred B. Jones, John Janney, John C. Jones.

M. M. Kalign, J. H. Kearnes, J. H. Kent, W. H. King, E. W. Kain, H. H. Vance Lane, James Langton, Ira H. Lewis, De Witt B. Lowe, J. C. Little, Ernest A. Lambourne.

W. L. McLeod, Hugh A. McMillin, A. D. McMillen, Duncan MacVichie, J. M. Marriott, L. R. Martineau, Albert Merrill, George E. Merrill, B. A. Macdonald, D. B. Mackintosh, H. H. Macdonald, E. F. Mills, D. A. McMillan, Murray Utah, J. P. Morris, David W. Moffatt, Murray Utah, F. S. Murphy, J. M. Macfarlane.

T. W. Naylor, Theodore Nystrom, W. L. Nicol, Frank K. Nebeker, Oscar Nebeker.

George T. Odell, Joseph Odell, E. G. O'Donnell, George Olson.

J. H. Peterson, O. F. Peterson, George D. Piper, W. G. Patrick, A. E. H. Peterson, Charles A. Pringle, C. R. Pearsall, A. B. Pembroke.

C. A. Quigley, R. B. Quay. J. Charles Riss, F. C. Richmond, George Rust, Clinton D. Ray, Benjamin L. Rich, Will Reed, Dr. E. F. Root, O. D. Romney.

C. N. Strevel, Fred Strouse, F. C. Schramm, Karl A. Scheid, E. P. Sears, James E. Shaw, C. A. Shay, W. J. Shealy, Dr. J. C. Smullyan, W. H. Starkweather, R. A. Shipp, H. O. Sanford, F. Schuyler, A. D. Smith, Dr. T. W. Snow, John Stoker, Eureka, Utah, B. N. C. Stott, Eureka, Utah; H. A. Silver, A. P. Spitko, Rev. P. A. Simpkin.

A. K. Tiernan, Russell L. Tracy, E. W. Taylor, L. L. Tarry.

J. S. Walker, George E. Walker, D. L. Wertheimer, Samuel Weitz, George S. Walker, C. F. Warren, C. A. Wells.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham.

De Forest, Wis.—"After an operation four years ago I had pains downward in both sides, backache, and a weakness. The doctor wanted me to have another operation. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am entirely cured of my troubles."

Mrs. AUGUSTE VESPELMANN, De Forest, Wisconsin.

Another Operation Avoided.

New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation."

Mrs. LILY PEYRON, 1111 Kerlerece St., New Orleans, La.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

If you want special advice about your case write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

I. E. Willey, H. J. Woeke, Dr. C. A. Wherry, F. E. Whitworth, M. M. Weil.

Colonel W. S. Scott, Major C. L. Manley, Captain T. R. Barker, Captain C. A. Bridges, Captain W. A. Cavanaugh, Lieutenant J. C. Waterman.

C. R. Williams, Tribune; J. P. Rintoul, Herald-Republican; John Deane, Deseret News; Hal White, Telegram; J. T. Goodwin, Goodwin's Weekly.

Y. W. C. A. NOTES.

Baroness de Knoop of London, England, attended the Sunday vesper service last week and commented very favorably upon the work being done through the association.

The "War of the Roses" banquet will be given Friday evening, Jan. 25. Everyone who brought in at least five points is eligible to participate.

Plans are being completed for a demonstration of the modern short hand system in the Brooks Arcade rooms some evening in the near future. A large class has been organized at the Y. M. C. A. and a number of young women have requested that such a course be given by the Y. W. C. A. Further announcements will be made next week.

The new class in domestic science will begin Jan. 28. Enrollment may be made any time by telephoning the Brooks Arcade office. Already quite a number have enrolled for this work.

At the vesper services yesterday the Rev. P. A. Simpkin gave the address and Miss Irene Kelly furnished the special music number. Light refreshments were served at the close.

COLIC AND DIARRHOEA.

These diseases are quickly cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This remedy has been in use for many years and has a reputation for its cures of these diseases. For sale by all druggists.

Merchants' Lunch, 35c.

At College Inn Cafe. 12 to 2:30.

HOW TO COMBAT THE TUBERCULOSIS GERM

Fresh Air and Sunshine Will Give the Human Body the Power of Resistance.

Dr. A. N. Hanson gave the fifth lecture of his series before the parents' class of the Third ward Sunday school yesterday. He said in part:

"There is no subject that is so important from a medical point of view, as that of consumption or tuberculosis, from the simple fact that it is the most prevalent of the diseases that attack mankind. It is a constant drain on the resources of individuals and communities, costing in the United States annually over \$200,000,000. In 1900 from 100,000 to 112,000 people died from this cause alone, or 11 per cent of all the deaths in America. In history the disease is very ancient, being known by mankind as long as leprosy."

It is not contagious like smallpox or scarlet fever or diphtheria but is infectious from the presence of the minute organism that is associated with the malady. The germ may find lodgment in any or all of the tissues of the human body directly, or indirectly. It is unusually resistant, both to cold and to heat, and may be frozen in liquid air for an indefinite time and then thawed out and produce infection. Also it is highly resistant to destructive agencies. It may be dried for months and then is still able to produce the disease. It is also able to stand direct sunlight for 32 hours without being killed, and hence may be carried in

dust or any media for an indefinite time, still able to cause infection.

The doctor pointed out that the ordinary boiling of milk will not destroy the organism if present, nor will pasteurization of milk, unless the vessel containing the milk is covered while being pasteurized.

The boiling of milk does not kill the germ for the reason that in boiling of milk a scum rises and the germ becomes imbedded in the scum and is so protected that the high temperatures do not reach it.

While this disease does not effect animals exceptation in public places. Notwithstanding the prevalence of the disease through the world, it is found that sanitation is able to reduce the mortality from this cause.

There are two methods of infection: By breathing into the lungs the minute organisms, and by ingestion, or taking into the mouth in food, the germ. One of the great dangers of infection is from the drinking of milk that contains the germ. If cleanliness is observed, the danger is minimized.

The doctor commended the crusade against expectoration in public places. The germ is deposited in expectoration and when it dries the germ is left free to circulate in the air. People should never spit except into a cuspidor or into a paper napkin which may be burned, or into a handkerchief which may be kept wet until washed out. When coughing, one should protect the mouth with the hand and then wash the hand before eating or handling any object.

The greatest preventive against tuberculosis is sunshine and fresh air. Homes should be built so that they may be at all times well sunned in all the rooms if possible and well ventilated by fresh air passing through them night and day.

The doctor pointed out that colds were not caused by the movements of fresh air that may be passing through the room, but that colds are due to

infection by germs always present resulting from the lowered resistance of the tissues of the head, throat and body, caused from breathing impure air or air too hot and too dry. If fresh, pure air from the outside is breathed, the normal resistance of the parts and tissues will be maintained and thus will resist colds. By trying to avoid colds by protection from drafts, the very methods that will bring the colds are being employed.

The sixth and last talk will be next Sunday on the two subjects of foods, and of adenoids. The public is invited.

Elks' California Excursion.

February 5. Cheapest excursion of the year. See or write. A. W. Raybould. Elks' club, Salt Lake.

There is no Other Vanilla

Extract made that can compare in any way with the rich, satisfying strength and the delicious delicate flavor of

BURNETT'S VANILLA

This is not merely an advertising boast. It is an absolutely true statement which just one trial of Burnett's Vanilla will prove.

Your grocer can supply you with the best vanilla made—insist on getting it. Burnett's Vanilla

Today and Tomorrow there will be a Free Demonstration

of the strength-giving health drink and Coffee substitute—

Koffe-et

at the

Annex Cafeteria

17 West South Temple Street

Most homelike place in town. Come in and try Koffe-et, and while you're here notice particularly how food is served; how it tastes, and what a high standard of service is maintained.

Serving hours, 11:30 to 2 and 5 to 7:30.

Demonstration MONDAY and TUESDAY only. After that Koffe-et will be served regularly at 5c per cup.

HAMILTON'S SMART SHOP

1-2 OFF SALE

Continued Another Week.

Coats

All velvet, cloth and fur coats, handsome evening wraps—

1-2 OFF

Gowns

Dinner dresses, evening gowns and fancy dresses—

1-2 OFF

One-Piece Dresses

in silks, velvets, fancy wool and cloth—

1-2 OFF

Suits

Handsome cloth tailor-made and three-piece suits in velvet, cloth and mixtures—

1-2 OFF

Waists

All silk waists, evening waists, fancy wool waists—every waist in the house—

1-2 OFF

Neckwear

All the latest novelties in neckwear and belts—

1-2 OFF

Skirts and Silk Petticoats

1-2 OFF

Here's Big Value---Surely

150 Benjamin Suits from our regular stock—the regular \$18.00 to \$40.00 values—

75 Overcoats and Raincoats in new styles—

Today and Week.

Half Price

Boys' Long Pants, sizes 27 to 32, regular \$2.00 to \$3.50 go at \$1.00

Boys' Straight Knee Pants, all sizes, 50c to 85c values, now 25c

\$1.00 to \$1.50 values, now 50c

All Boys' Winter Caps, 50c to 75c 25c

Men's \$2.25 to \$3.00 Hats 1.50

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